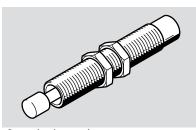
DYSW

Shock absorber



FESTO

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www.festo.com



Operating instructions

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Translation of the original instructions

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1 Applicable Documents

Πi

All available documents for the product → www.festo.com/sp.

2 Safety

2.1 Safety instructions

- Only use the product in its original condition without unauthorised modifications.
- Observe the identifications on the product.
- Store the product in a cool, dry environment protected from UV and corrosion.
 Keep storage times short.
- Repair of the product is not permitted.
- Before working on the product, switch off the compressed air supply and lock it to prevent it from being switched on again.

2.2 Intended use

The product is intended for use in cushioning the force of linear moving masses in an axial direction.

The product is not suitable for rotary drives and for use in damp environments.

2.3 Training of qualified personnel

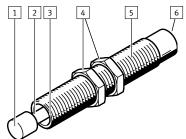
Work on the product may only be carried out by qualified personnel who can evaluate the work and detect dangers. Personnel must have the relevant mechanical training.

3 Additional information

- Contact the regional Festo contact if you have technical problems
 - → www.festo.com.
- Accessories and spare parts → www.festo.com/catalogue.

4 Product overview

4.1 Product design

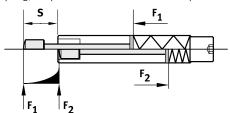


1 Buffer
2 Piston rod
3 (Fixed) stop
4 Lock nuts
5 Male thread
6 Internal hexagon

Fig. 1: Product design

4.2 Function

Insertion force F2 acting on the buffer moves the piston rod of the hydraulic shock absorber through the cushioning length s to the fixed stop to the end position. When the piston rod is retracted, the hydraulic fluid in the shock absorber flows through a path-dependent flow control valve and cushions the motion. If the insertion force is less than the reset force F1 of the internal compression spring, the piston rod returns to the initial position.



- F1 Reset force
- F2 Insertion force
- Stroke/cushioning distance

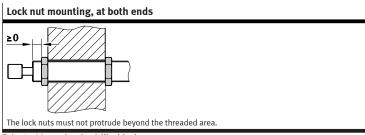
5 Mounting product

Mounting options:

Tab. 1: Function

- in through-hole
- in through thread

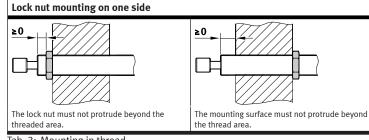
Mounting in drilled hole



Tab. 2: Mounting in drilled hole

- 1. Insert the product up to the intended stop position.
- 2. Secure the product with lock nuts. Tighten the lock nuts to the tightening torque.

Mounting in thread



Tab. 3: Mounting in thread

- Screw in the product up to the intended stop position.
 When turning or holding against the internal hexagon socket, observe the
 maximum torque.
- 2. Tighten the lock nut to the tightening torque.

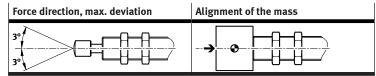
Size		4	5	7	8	10	12
Internal hexagon							
Max. torque	[Nm]	0.5	0.8	2.2	5	8	13
Lock nut							
Tightening torque	[Nm]	1	2	3	5	8	20
		Tolerance ± 20%					

Tab. 4: Torques

5.1 Mounting

5.2 Aligning product

- Observe the axial direction of force of the moving mass to the axis of the shock absorber.
- The mass must contact the piston rod and the fixed stop over a wide area.



Tab. 5: Permissible axial force direction and alignment of the moving mass

6 Commissioning

6.1 **Executing test run**

- 1. Start the test run at the drive at reduced velocity.
- If necessary, readjust the position of the shock absorber.
- Gradually increase the velocity of the drive to the operating value in steps.
 - If set correctly, the end position is reached without a hard stop. With hard stop:
 - Reduce the impact velocity if necessary.
 - Check function and design of the shock absorber.

Notes on operation

Energy absorption

Only use the shock absorber within the permissible range of 25% to 100% of the maximum energy absorption → 10 Technical data.

Recommendation: use the shock absorber within the optimum range from 50% to 80% of the maximum energy absorption.

Energy absorption	Note
0 25%	Unfavourable; fluid leakage at the shock absorber may be increased
25 50%	Permitted
50 80%	Optimal
80 100%	Permitted
> 100%	Impermissible

Tab. 6: Energy absorption of the shock absorber

Cushioning effect

The viscosity of the hydraulic fluid declines over its operating life due to the generated friction heat. This can reduce the cushioning effect.

Maintenance

Maintenance interval	Maintenance work
Every 2 million load changes	Check shock absorber: - sealing, no fluid leakage - fixed stop, no deformation - Cushioning distance s → 10 Technical data In case of leakage, hard stop or cushioning distance too short: replace shock absorber.

Tab. 7: Maintenance schedule

The hydraulic fluid in the shock absorber cannot be topped up or changed.

Fault clearance

Malfunction	Possible cause	Remedy		
Leakage/fluid leakage	Shock absorber faulty	Replace shock absorber.		
Hard stop in the end position	Shock absorber overloaded	Reduce impact velocity or check the layout of the shock absorber.		
	Shock absorber faulty	Replace shock absorber.		

Tab. 8: Fault clearance

Dismantling and disposal

A CAUTION

The product contains pressurised hydraulic fluid that can escape in an uncontrolled manner if the housing is damaged.

The hydraulic fluid can injure people's eyes and skin and damage the environ-

- Have the product disposed of by a qualified waste disposal company.
- Do not destroy the product in order to drain the hydraulic fluid.

10 Technical data

Size		4	5	7
Stroke/cushioning distance s	[mm]	6	8	10
Male thread		M6x0.5	M8x1	M10x1
Mode of operation	Single-acting, pushing			
Cushioning	Self-adjusting			
Mounting position	Any			
Max. mass ¹⁾	[kg]	1.2	2	5
Max. energy absorption per stroke at +20 °C¹)	[J]	0.8	1.3	2.5
Max. energy absorption per hour at +20 °C1)	[kJ]	7	10	15
Impact velocity	[m/s]	0.1 2		0.1 3
Min. insertion force F ₂	[N]	6.5	7.5	10
Max. stop force at end position	[N]	100	200	300
Min. reset force F ₁	[N]	0.7	0.9	1.2
Reset time at 20 °C ²⁾	[s]	≤ 0.2		
Ambient temperature	[°C]	-10 +80		

¹⁾ At higher temperatures in the range of 80 °C: the max. mass and the max. energy absorption are reduced approximately 50%.

2) At temperatures below 0 °C the reset time can increase to 1 s.

Tab. 9: Technical data, sizes 4 ... 7

Size		8	10	12			
Stroke/cushioning distance s	[mm]	14	17	20			
Male thread		M12x1	M14x1	M16x1			
Mode of operation	Mode of operation			Single-acting, pushing			
Cushioning	Self-adjusting						
Mounting position	Any						
Max. mass ¹⁾	[kg]	10	20	30			
Max. energy absorption per stroke at +20 °C¹)	[J]	4	8	12			
Max. energy absorption per hour at +20 °C¹)	[kJ]	21	30	41			
Impact velocity	[m/s]	0.1 3					
Min. insertion force F ₂	[N]	18	25	35			
Max. stop force at end position	[N]	500	700	1000			
Min. reset force F ₁	[N]	2.5	3.5	5			
Reset time at 20 °C ²⁾	[s]	≤ 0.2 ≤ 0.3		≤ 0.3			
Ambient temperature	[°C]	-10 +80					

¹⁾ At higher temperatures in the range of 80 °C: the max. mass and the max. energy absorption are

Tab. 10: Technical data, sizes 8 ... 12

reduced approximately 50%.

2) At temperatures below 0 °C the reset time can increase to 1 s.